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EXTENSION

All Things Photography

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Digital Photography: Just the Basics

Cooperative Extension Service

Presented by

Stephen Patton

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What you should know about your camera:

Where is your instruction manual

What kind of memory card it uses

How many megapixels

What type of battery it uses



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Camera	1.0 GB	2.0 GB	4.0 GB	8.0 GB	16 GB	32 GB
6 Megapixel JPEG	300	600	1200	2400	4800	9600
8 Megapixel JPEG	270	540	1080	2160	4320	8640
9 Megapixel JPEG	255	510	1020	2040	4080	8160
10 Megapixel JPEG	225	450	900	1800	3600	7200
12 Megapixel JPEG	200	400	800	1600	3200	6400
15 Megapizel JPEG	150	300	600	1200	2400	4800
22 Megapixel JPEG	135	270	540	1080	2160	4320
A	pproximat	e Number	of Images	s Per Card	*	
* Exact Number of images settings with the least amou	will vary from	camera to ca	amera. Estima 3v shooting at	tes based on ' the "Normal" ("High-Resolut or "Low" resol	tion" camera

approximately double the capacity of the card.

Murphy's Memory Card Capacity Chart

What you should know about your camera:

Where is your instruction manual

- What kind of memory card it uses
- How many megapixels
- What type of battery it uses





Camera Settings s



ISO = light sensitivity

F-stop/Aperture



meaning less viewing area in focus from front to back







Shutterspeed

1/500 of a second to stop action



1/30 of a second to blur action



Image quality setting



Approximate Values for Recording Pixels

Record	ing Pi	ixels		Purpose*
L (Large)	8M	3264 x 2448 pixels	High	Printing to about A3-size 297 x 420 mm (11.7 x 16.5 in.)
M1 (Medium 1)	5M	2592 x 1944 pixels		Printing to about A4-size 210 x 297 mm (8.3 x 11.7 in.) Printing to about Letter-size 216 x 279 mm (8.5 x 11 in.)
M2 (Medium 2)	ЗM	2048 x 1536 pixels		Printing to about A5-size 148 x 210 mm (6 x 8.3 in.)
M3 (Medium 3)	2M	1600 x 1200 pixels		Print postcard-size prints 148 x 100 mm (6 x 4 in.) Print L-size prints 119 x 89 mm (4.7 x 3.5 in.)
S (Small)	0.3M	640 x 480 pixels	Low	Send images as e-mail attachments or shoot more images

Compression

Approximate Values for Compression Settings

Compression		Purpose
Superfine	High Quality	Shoot higher quality images
Fine	\$	Shoot normal quality images
Normal	Normal	Shoot more images

Lossy	Compression
(Destructive)

Image Data Sizes (Estimated)

Decording Divols	Compression				
Recording Fixels	ß				
L 3264 x 2448 pixels	3436 KB	2060 KB	980 KB		
M1 2592 x 1944 pixels	2503 KB	1395 KB	695 KB		
M2 2048 x 1536 pixels	1602 KB	893 KB	445 KB		
M3 1600 x 1200 pixels	1002 KB	558 KB	278 KB		
S 640 x 480 pixels	249 KB	150 KB	84 KB		
1600 x 1200 pixels	—	558 KB	_		
W 3264 x 1832 pixels	2601 KB	1540 KB	736 KB		

Economy Good Normal Better Fine Best Fine

MENU Setting the Image-Recording Quality

Set the recording quality to suit the intended image size for printing, etc. Set the recording quality will also affect the number of shots the CF card can recording quality will also affect the number of shots the CF card can record. Select the recording quality while thinking about the capacity of the CF card to be used. Also see "Guide to Image-recording Quality Settings" below and "FAQ" on the next page.

Content of the second of the s

Select the image-recording quality.

Under the [1] tab, select [Quality] and press < 1. Set it to the desired</p>



recording quality such as [4L], then press < (a)>.

press < (iii) >. | Quality | will be displayed. The figures (**** x ****) displayed on the upper right is the actual pixel count (horizontal x vertical) for the respective quality setting.

Guide to Image-recording Quality Settings

Qua	size	x11.7in.		
	A3 (42x29.7cm/16.5x11.7in			
4L		41		
al L	1cm/	41		
4 M	3in.)	+ 41		
al M	a M			
45				
45	ni7 OvE Oin	_		
RAIN	5.8x3.9in.			
2303 + 🖌 L				
d S (230) (230) + d L	n/7.0) 5.8x3	(5.0ir .9in.		

* Applies to a 512MB CF card.

Except for the DDB mode, the JPEG is used to record the image in all the recording-quality modes.

White Balance

Auto

Daylight

Cloudy

Shade

Flourescent

Tungsten

Tungsten

sRGB

Colormatch RGB

Adobe 1998 RGB

ProPhoto RGB



MENU Setting the Color Space *

The color space refers to the range of reproducible colors. With this camera, you can set the color space for captured images to sRGB or Adobe RGB. For normal images, sRGB is recommended. In the Basic Zone modes, sRGB is set automatically.



Select [Color space]. Under the [¹Ω2] tab, select [Color space], then press < (m)>.

Set the desired color space.

 Select [sRGB] or [Adobe RGB], then press < (ar >.

About Adobe RGB

This is mainly used for commercial printing and other industrial uses. This setting is not recommended if you do not know about image processing, Adobe RGB, and Design rule for Camera File System 2.0 (Exif 2.21).

Since the image will look very subdued with an sRGB personal computer environment and printers not compatible with Design rule for Camera File System 2.0 (Exif 2.21), post-processing of the image with software will be required.

The More Pixels the better

Image Size: Large (best quality) Compression:Least=highest Quality ColorSpace: Adobe RGB 1998

Good Composition

A pleasing arrangement of objects, mass, lines and contrasts of colors to form a harmonious whole

What makes a good photograph?

You Be the Judge

3 Essentials of a good photograph

- Good Technical Quality
- Interest or Impact
- Good Composition

Good Technical Quality

- No camera movement
 -Correct body position
- Correct focus
 -Person's eyes
 -Selective/depth of field
- Lighting
 -Front, back, side
- Exposure

Interest or Impact

- Tell a story
- Express a mood
- Make a pattern

Good Composition

■Get loser

Shoot Close Up For Impact

Good Composition

■Get loser ■R .le ct Th` '







Get closerRule of ThirdsVantage point

Good Composition

Get loser
R le ct Th
Vant
Framing movement

Keys to Success

- Keep it simple
- Try vertical & horizontal
- Place subject off-center
- Try unusual points of view

iPhotography

Capturing, storing, processing, and distributing photos on iDevices

Different sensor sizes from Full Frame to 1/3.2-inch compared with each other



The sensor sizes usually used in smartphones are 1/3.2-inch or 1/3-inch, though the Nokia 808 used a 1/1.2-inch one



What different-sized sensors – Full Frame, APS-C, MFT, 1-inch, 2/3-inch, 1/2.3-inch, 1/3.2-inch – would have captured if using the same lens to take this photo



http://www.gizmag.com/camera-sensor-size-guide/26684/

Understanding Pixels

Typical Re	Resolution	Pr	rint Size & Quality			
Sensor	(WxH)	Excellent @ 300dpi	Good @ 200dpi	Poor @ 150dpi		
3 MP	2048 x 1536	7" x 5"	10" x 8"	14" x 11"		
4 MP	2464 x 1632	8" x 6"	12" x 8"	16" x 12"		
6 MP	3008 x 2000	10" x 8"	15" x 10"	19" x 13 "		
8 MP	3264 x 2448	12" x 8"	16" x 12"	22" x 16"		
10 MP	3872 x 2592	13" x 9"	19" x 13"	26" x 17"		
12 MP	4290 x 2800	15" x 10"	21" x 14"	28" x 18"		
16 MP	4920 x 3264	17" x 11"	24" x 16"	32" x 22"		
35mm Film (Scanned)	5380 x 3620	18" x 12"	27" x 18"	36" x 24"		
36 MP	7360 x 4912	24" x 16"	36" x 24"	48" x 32"		
	WW	/W.DIGITALPHOTOG	RAPHYLIVE.COM			

Front Camera Trouble

Model	Front Camera	Rear Camera
iPhone 5s/5c	1280 x 960	3264 x 2448 8mp
iPhone 4s	640 x 480	3264 x 2448 8mp
iPhone 4	640 x 480	2592 x 1944 5mp
iPad 4	1280 x 960	2592 x 1944 5mp
iPad 3	640 x 480	2592 x 1944 5mp
<mark>iPad</mark> mini	1280 x 960	2592 x 1944 5mp
<u>iPad</u> mini 2	1280 x 960	2592 x 1944 5mp
iPad 2	640 x 480	1280 x 720 1mp



Social Numbers

	Facebook	Twitter	Instagram	Flickr	Dropbox
Max Photo Size	2048 x 2048px	1024 x 2048px	2048 x 2048px	200 MB	150 MB
Max Photos	1000 per album	100 shown	unlimited	1 Terabyte	2 GB
Max Print Size	4x6 – 8x10	4x6 – 8x10	6x6	unlimited	unlimited
Need account to view?	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES



How To Grab Still Images From Video

Presented by

David Keto

Media Producer/Director University of Wyoming

How to grab still images from video Freeze Frame Rules of Thumb

• Pick a frame with limited to no motion





Pick a frame where your talent looks good







- Depends on software available
- JPEG is the most common output





- Windows Media Player
 - -Control+!

Windows Movie Maker

- -Tools
- Take picture from preview

iMovie (not easy in latest versions)

- -Put single frame you want to freeze in a new sequence
- Export to quicktime
- -Movie to image sequence

How to Create a Freeze Frame

- Final Cut Pro 7
 - Export>using quicktime conversion
 - Format>stillimage
- Final Cut X
 - File>Share>Save CurrentFrame
 - *requires enabling "save current frame" in the "destination" options first

Adobe Premier

- Click "export frame" button
- *requires enabling "export frame" button first

Adobe Premier Elements

- -Action bar: tools>freeze frame
- Clickexport

How to Create a Freeze Frame

- Quicktime (windows)
 - Export>movie to picture or
 - -File>print>PDF

iPad/iPhone

- -Home+Power
- Various apps for screen shooting



- Windows Screen Shot
 - Windows+print screen (full screen}
 - Alt+print screen (selected window)
- Mac Screen Shot
 - Command+shift+3 (full screen)
 - Command+shift+4 (selected area)



Resolution

- The amount of information or pixels contained in an image.
- Resolution is measured in DPI (**dots per inch**) or PPI (**pixels per inch**). These are literally the number of dots or pixels that can be placed side by side in a line one inch long. The more dots or pixels, the better the clarity – the higher the resolution – of the image.

Essential Graphic Design Concepts Dots Per Inch (DPI)

The image on the right shows you the actual DOTS that are used to print a photograph on a printing press.





Resolution: Why is it SO important forprinting?



high resolution



low resolution

Essential Graphic Design Concepts

Resolution: How do you know when an image has high resolution?

Tip 1:

Photoshop,

a photo editing software, allows you to open the image file and look up the resolution. It should be 300 dpi or higher.



Resolution: What if you don't have Photoshop?

Tip 2: Image is probably low resolution:

- if the placed or inserted image is SO small you have to enlarge it.
- if the image's file size is smaller than 500KB (kilobyte).

Tip 3: Image is probably high resolution:

- if the placed or inserted image fills the page
- if image is at least 1MB (megabyte)

Tip 4: PC users can right-click an image then choose "properties" to see resolution.

Essential Graphic Design Concepts

Resolution: Where can you find file size?

1.			-		
Network +	Name	Dateified	Size	Kind A	
	agave americana-2.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
Eowyn	agave americana-3.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
225326555	agave americana-4.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
	agave americana.tif	1/4/07	1.9 MB	AdobIFF file	
eowyn	agave lechugirilla-2.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
	agave lechuguillen.tif	6/22/07	1.9 MB	AdobIFF file	
Documents	agave neomexicana.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
Market and American Street	W agave parryi-2.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
Desktop	agave paryie.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
1000 C	🛲 ailanthus altissima.tif	12/7/06	664 KB	AdobIFF file	
Applications	M aloe baubadensis-2.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
Harden II	aloe baubadensis.tif	1/4/07	1.8 MB	AdobIFF file	
Movies	Artemisiaidtiana.tif	6/25/07	3 MB	AdobIFF file	
Music	Ascepias tuberosa.tif	12/14/06	992 KB	AdobIFF file	
Music	M Asclepias t a leaves.tif	12/14/06	996 KB	AdobIFF file	
Pirtures	astriplex cens fruit.tif	1/4/07	1.9 MB	AdobIFF file	
2010/01/02/0	atriplex canescons.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
	ME cistus pai.tif	12/18/06	948 KB	AdobIFF file	
	Cistus purpureas.tif	12/18/06	928 KB	AdobIFF file	
	IM cistus purpureus.tif	12/18/06	940 KB	AdobIFF file	
	Codatevia sellovara.tif	1/4/07	2 MB	AdobIFF file	
	Cynsophili niculata tif	12/14/06	932 KB	Adob. IFF file	

Essential Graphic Design Concepts Understanding Image formats

• **Raster images** (TIFF, JPEG, GIF, PNG, PICT, BMP): These types of images are composed of pixels and are dependant on resolution for clarity (photos, line art, etc.)



• Vector images (EPS): These types are images are not dependant on resolution and can be enlarged without distortion.





Essential Graphic Design Concepts

Vector Image



Vector image with anchor points



This example shows you how you can modify a vector file by extending some of the anchor points.

Good sources of image files

- **Digital camera images** set at the highest resolution setting.
- Slides or photos that you can scan yourself. (Tip: Scan at 300 dpi and scale [enlarge] images to final desired size during scanning stage.)
- **Downloadable high resolution images.** (Always remember to look into copyright permission when using photos produced by a third party.)

Essential Graphic Design Concepts

Scanning tips

• When scanning line art or text, set your scanner to black/white, **NOT** grayscale. Image will print much more clearly.



- Scan photos/slides at 300 dpi and line art at 900 dpi.
- Scale (enlarge) your images at this stage. Ex: If you have to scan a slide, scale (enlarge) it up to 300%. That will enlarge the image to 3 times its original size at 300dpi so it will be BOTH clear and larger.



Essential Graphic Design Concepts



Downloadable high resolution images.

Bugwood.org

Bad sources of image files for print

Screen captures

Images on the Web are usually only 72 dpi. (Find out about copyright before using any online image, and be careful to not use images with watermarks.)



Cut or copied and pasted images

I do NOT recommend copying a pasting images from one software into another! The image quality will degrade every time this is done and the resolution is usually low.

Essential Graphic Design Concepts

What if the only photo you have is within a MS Word document?

I do NOT recommended copying/pasting images; however, if the clarity of the image looks good **(by that I mean NO pixels)** and the image is the only thing on the page, you can make a PDF of the page and insert the PDF into your document as a graphic. You can also print the image, scan it at 300 dpi and insert into your document as an image.

The quality won't be as good as an original, high resolution image, but it may be adequate.

What if the only photo you have is within a PDF document?

If you have Photoshop, you can open the PDF, crop out the image and save the file as TIFF image. If you don't have this software, you can print the page, scan it at 300 dpi and insert into your document as an image.

The quality won't be as good as an original, high resolution image, but it may be adequate.

Essential Graphic Design Concepts

How to convert a PDF into a graphic file using Photoshop.



What image formats are best to use for print?

- **TIFF format** is preferred by the print industry for photos, etc.
 - If your project is going to be printed on a printing press all images need to converted to CMYK mode.
- EPS, AI format is preferred for illustrations.

Essential Graphic Design Concepts What is CMYK and what is RGB?

The **CMYK color model** stands for Cyan, **M**agenta, **Y**ellow and blac**K**. When a color photo is printed it is literally separated into these four colors and printed one color at a time. These four colors then combine to give you the full color image.

When a photograph is going to be reproduced on a traditional printing press or on today's digital presses or color printers, photos should be converted to CMYK format prior to reproduction to ensure color accuracy.

The **RGB color model** stands for **Red**, **G**reen **and B**lue. Files in **RGB** format are intended for use on electronic systems like TVs, mobile phone displays and computer monitors.

You've probably noticed that the colors of photos on different electronic devices often look different—that is because each device reads the color breakdowns differently. You don't want this type of inconsistency in print.

How do I change a file from RGB to CMYK to prepare file for printing?

The only way to change a file from RGB to CMYK format is to use Photoshop.

You would go to Image > Mode > CMYK Color.

Also, remember to to save the file in TIFF format.

If you don't have this software, pre-press staff at your print shop will need to make the change for you.



Copyright and Fair Use

Copyright can be a confusing subject, but you can stay on the right side of the law by following a couple of easy rules.

Public Domain

Works in the public domain are not protected by copyright and may be freely reproduced. The two biggest categories are US Government works and works produced before 1923.

Even though they are not copyrighted, you should still provide a citation when reproducing public domain works.

Copyrighted Works

If a work is copyrighted, you may be able to reproduce it if your use can be considered "fair use." Fair use can be tricky to determine, though. To be on the safe side, always request permission (in writing) from the work's owner or copyright holder to reproduce any copyrighted work. If you're unsure about whether a work is copyrighted, just assume that it is.

Questions and Answers

Thank you for participating in today's webinar! We hope you've found it useful.